



THAT'S THE TICKET!



A Parade of Presidential Elections

REPUBLICAN TICKET ✓

Presidential candidate: **ABRAHAM LINCOLN**, former Illinois Congressman
 VP candidate: **HANNIBAL HAMLIN**, Maine Senator
 Popular votes: **1,865,908 (39.9%)**
 Electoral votes: **180**

SOUTHERN DEMOCRATIC TICKET

Presidential candidate: **John Breckinridge**, Vice President
 VP candidate: **Joseph Lane**, Oregon Senator
 Popular votes: **848,019 (18.1%)**
 Electoral votes: **72**

CONSTITUTIONAL UNIONIST TICKET

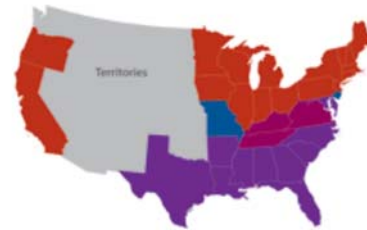
Presidential candidate: **John Bell**, former Tennessee Senator
 VP candidate: **Edward Everett**, former Massachusetts Senator
 Popular votes: **590,901 (12.6%)**
 Electoral votes: **39**

DEMOCRATIC TICKET

Presidential candidate: **Stephen Douglas**, Illinois Senator
 VP candidate: **Herschel Johnson**, former Georgia Governor
 Popular votes: **1,380,202 (29.5%)**
 Electoral votes: **12**

1860

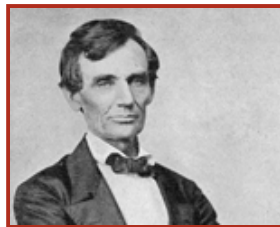
ELECTORAL MAP How each state voted



Wisconsin's Choice
LINCOLN

Election Facts

- This election had several viable candidates and parties. All had various stands on slavery and secession.
- Lincoln was opposed to slavery in the territories. Douglas advocated the right of citizens to decide on slavery. Breckinridge wanted the federal government to protect slavery in the territories. Bell championed the preservation of a united nation.
- Republicans gathered a diverse coalition to win the election.
- Lincoln's victory caused seven Southern states to secede from the Union.



Abraham Lincoln, August 13, 1860. [WHI-23659](#)



Democratic National Convention, Charleston, SC, April 23, 1860. *Harper's Weekly*, April 28, 1860. [WHI-57009](#)